Form W-4 (2017)	The exceptions don't apply to supplemental wages greater than \$1,000,000.	Nonwage income. If you have a large amount of nonwage income, such as interest or dividends,
Purpose. Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. Consider completing a new Form W-4 each year and when your personal or financial situation changes.	consider making estimated tax payments using Form to Personal Allowances Worksheet below. The vorksheets on page 2 further adjust your vithholding allowances based on itemized eductions, certain credits, adjustments to income, r two-earners/multiple jobs situations.	
Exemption from withholding. If you are exempt, complete only lines 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7 and sign the form to validate it. Your exemption for 2017 expires February 15, 2018. See Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.	Complete all worksheets that apply. However, you may claim fewer (or zero) allowances. For regular wages, withholding must be based on allowances you claimed and may not be a flat amount or percentage of wages.	working spouse or more than one job. figure the total number of allowances you are entitled to claim on all jobs using worksheets from only one Form W-4. Your withholding usually will be most accurate when all allowances are claimed on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job and zero allowances are
Note: If another person can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return, you can't claim exemption from withholding if your total income exceeds \$1,050 and includes more than \$350 of unearned income (for example, interest and dividends).	Head of household. Generally, you can claim head of household filing status on your tax return only if you are unmarried and pay more than 50% of the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and your dependent(s) or other qualifying individuals. See Pub. 501, Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and	claimed on the others. See Pub. 505 for details. Nonresident alien. If you are a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form. Check your withholding. After your Form W-4 takes
Exceptions. An employee may be able to claim exemption from withholding even if the employee is a dependent, if the employee: • Is age 65 or older, • Is blind, or	Filing Information, for information. Tax credits. You can take projected tax credits into account in figuring your allowable number of withholding allowances. Credits for child or dependent care expenses and the child tax credit may be claimed using the Personal Allowances Worksheet below.	effect, use Pub. 505 to see how the amount you are having withheld compares to your projected total tax for 2017. See Pub. 505, especially if your earnings exceed \$130,000 (Single) or \$180,000 (Married). Future developments. Information about any future developments affecting Form W-4 (such as
Will claim adjustments to income; tax credits; or itemized deductions, on his or her tax return.	See Pub. 505 for information on converting your other credits into withholding allowances.	at www.irs.gov/w4.
Personal Allowances Worksheet (Keep for your records.)		
A Enter "1" for yourself if no one else can claim you as a dependent		
You're single and have only one job; or		
B Enter "1" if: • You're married, have only one job, and your spouse doesn 't work; or B		
• Your wages from a second job or your spouse's wages (or the total of both) are \$1,500 or less.		
C Enter "1" for your spouse. But, you may choose to enter "-0-" if you are married and • If your total income will be less than \$		
70,000 (\$100,000 if married), enter "2" for each eligible child; then less "1" if you have two to four eligible children or less "2" if you have five or more eligible children.		
• If your total income will be between \$70,000 and \$84,000 (\$100,000 and \$119,000 if married), enter "1" for each eligible child . G		
H Add lines A through G and enter total here. (Note: This may be different from the number of exemptions you claim on your tax return.) a H		
• If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, see the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet on page 2.		
 complete all worksheets If you are single and have more than one job or are married and you and your spouse both work and the combined earnings from all jobs exceed \$50,000 (\$20,000 if married), see the Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet on page 2 to avoid having too little tax withheld. 		
 If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line H on line 5 of Form W-4 below. 		

------ Separate here and give Form W-4 to your employer. Keep the top part for your records.



Form W-4 (2017) Page 2 Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if you plan to itemize deductions or claim certain credits or adjustments to income. Enter an estimate of your 2017 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state 1 and local taxes, medical expenses in excess of 10% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions. For 2017, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income is over \$313,800 and you're married filing jointly or you're a qualifying widow(er); \$287,650 if you're head of household; \$261,500 if you're single, not head of household and not a qualifying widow(er); or \$156,900 if you're \$ married filing separately. See Pub. 505 for details 1 \$12,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$9,350 if head of household \$ 2 2 Enter: \$6.350 if single or married filing separately 3 3 \$ 4 Enter an estimate of your 2017 adjustments to income and any additional standard deduction (see Pub. 505) 4 \$ Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total. (Include any amount for credits from the Converting Credits to 5 5 \$ \$ 6 Enter an estimate of your 2017 nonwage income (such as dividends or interest) 6 \$ 7 7 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$ 4,050 and enter the result here. Drop any fraction 8 9 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 1 q 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If you plan to use the Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4, line 5, page 1 10 Two-Earners/Multiple Jobs Worksheet (See Two earners or multiple jobs on page 1.) Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H on page 1 direct you here. 1 Enter the number from line H, page 1 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet) 1 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying job and enter it here. However, if 2 you are married filing jointly and wages from the highest paying job are \$65,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter 3 "-0-") and on Form W-4, line 5, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 3 Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4, line 5, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 4 5 Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet 5 6 6 7 Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying job and enter it here \$ 7 \$ 8 Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed . . . 8 9 Divide line 8 by the number of pay periods remaining in 2017. For example, divide by 25 if you are paid every two weeks and you complete this form on a date in January when there are 25 pay periods remaining in 2017. Enter the result here and on Form W-4, line 6, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each paycheck \$ 9 Table 1 Married Filing Jointly All Others If wages from LOWEST Enter on paying job areline 2 above \$0 -\$7,000 0 7 001 -14.000 1 14,001 -2 22,000 22,001 -27,000 3 27.001 -35.000 4 35,001 -44,000 5 44,001 -55,000 6 55,001 -65,000 7 65,001 -75,000 8 75,001 -80,000 9 80,001 -95,000 10 95,001 - 115,000 11 115,001 - 130,000 12 130,001 - 140,000 13 140,001 - 150,000 14 150,001 and over 15